

Washington State's Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy

Seth Stark

WSDOT Sustainable Transportation Program Lead



T&DI / ASCE Green Streets and Highways Conference
FHWA / AASHTO Climate Change Adaptation Workshop
Denver, CO
November 17, 2010

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Secretary of Transportation

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WSDOT – What are we doing?

- What is Sustainable Transportation at WSDOT?
- What is an Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy?
- How did we get here?
- What are we experiencing?
- What is our internal effort?
- What is our external effort?

Sustainable Transportation

At WSDOT, a sustainable transportation system:

- Preserves the environment
- Durable and takes into account how we build and the materials we use
- Managed and operated using policies and strategies that meet society's present needs

Without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs

2009 State Legislation

- Directs five state agencies (including WSDOT) to work together to develop an “*integrated climate change response strategy to better enable state and local agencies, public and private businesses, nongovernmental organizations, and individuals to prepare for, address, and adapt to the impacts of climate change.*”

RCW 43.21M.010

Foundation for Strategy

Leading the Way:
Preparing for the Impacts
of Climate Change in
Washington

Recommendations of the
Preparation and Adaptation
Working Groups



“2008 PAWG reports”



The Washington Climate Change Impacts Assessment

*Evaluating Washington's Future
in a Changing Climate*

Executive Summary



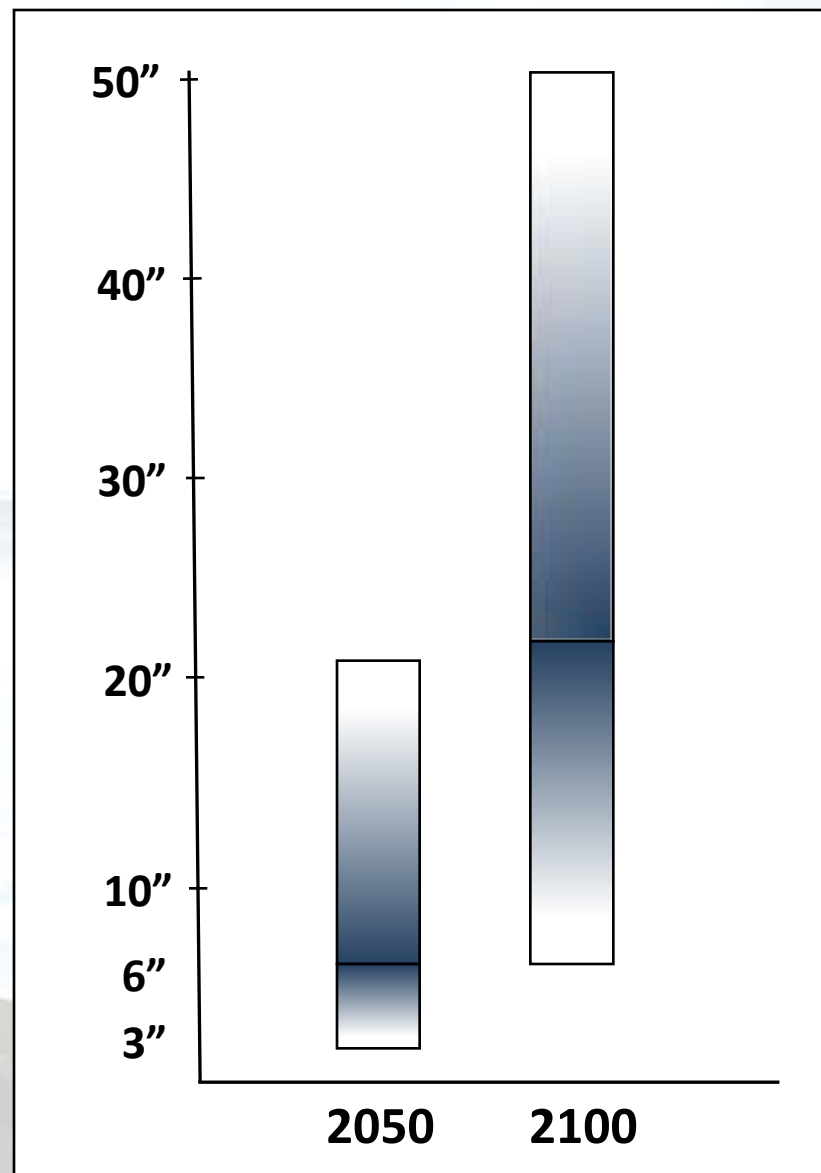
*A report by
The Climate Impacts Group
University of Washington
June 2009*

**UW/Climate Impacts Group
(CIG) Feb. 2009 Assessment**

Sea Level

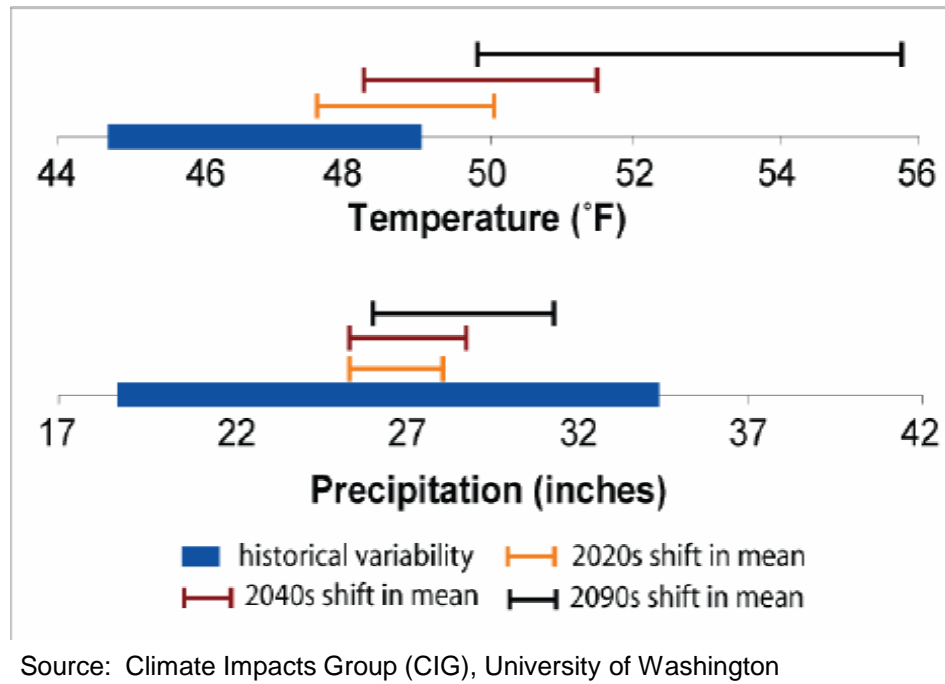
Sea level rise (SLR) will increase the risk of flooding, erosion, and habitat loss along much of Washington's 2,500 miles of coastline.

- **Global SLR: 7-23"** by 2100
- **Medium** estimates of SLR for **2100**:
 - +2" for the NW Olympic Peninsula
 - +11" for the central/southern coast
 - +13" for Puget Sound
- Higher estimates
(up to 4 feet in Puget Sound) cannot be ruled out at this time.



Projected SLR in Washington's waters relative to 1980-1999, in inches. Shading roughly indicates likelihood. The 6" and 13" marks are the SLR projections for the Puget Sound region and effectively also for the central and southern WA coast (2050: +5", 2100: +11").

Temperature and Precipitation Changes in Washington State Relative to 20th Century



High confidence in projected temperature changes, less in precipitation changes



Key Impacts in Washington

- Sea level rise
- Transition from snow-dominant watersheds to rain-dominant watersheds
- Wildfire, river dynamics, landslides, and more



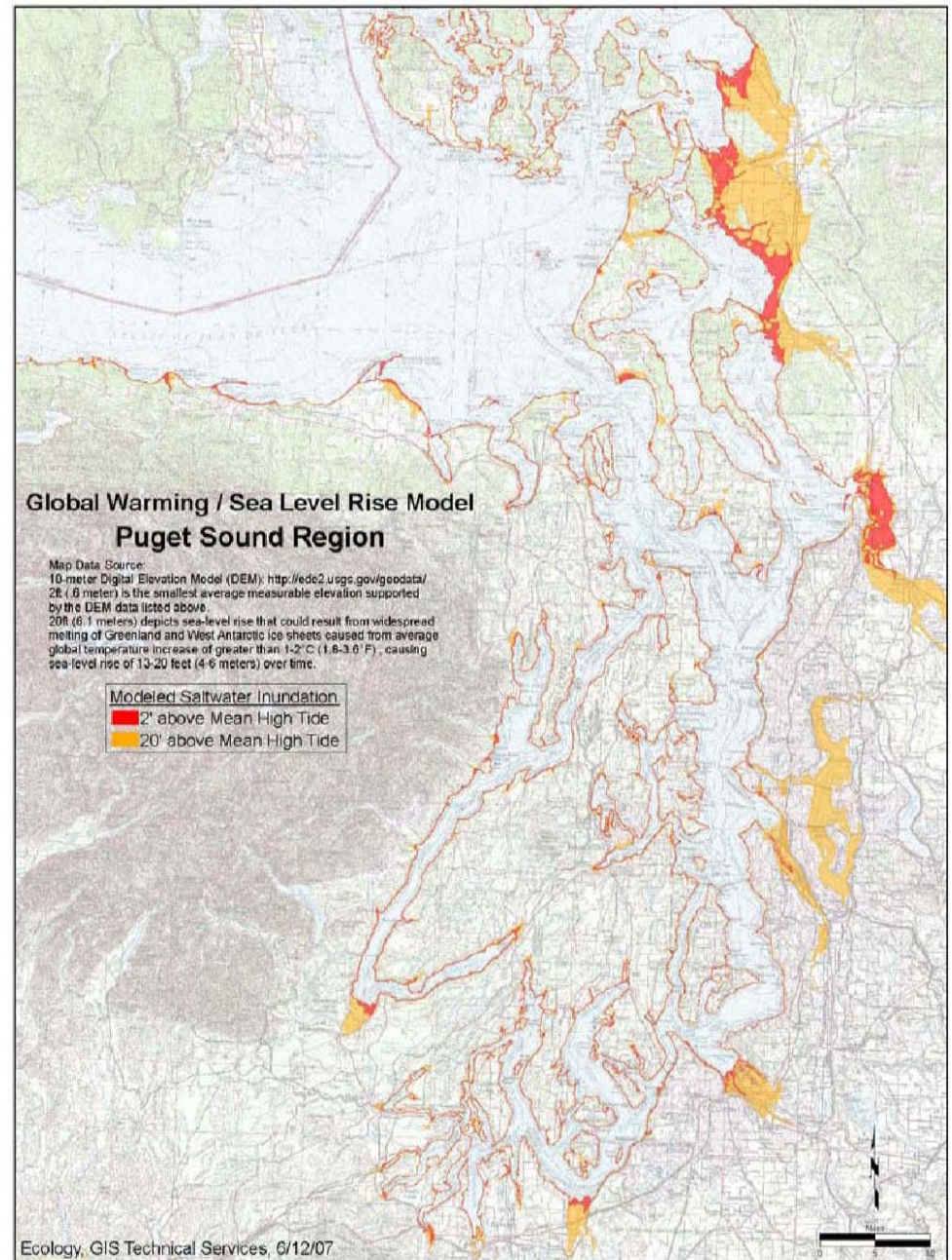


Sea level rise effects

- Inundation
- Wave height increases
- Erosion

Inundation

- Inundation maps draw attention to large, low-lying areas where extensive flooding is possible
- These maps downplay high risk areas where flooding is not the primary hazard (downtown waterfront, bluff landslides, contaminated shoreline sites)



Wave height increase



Whidbey Island (4 February 2006)

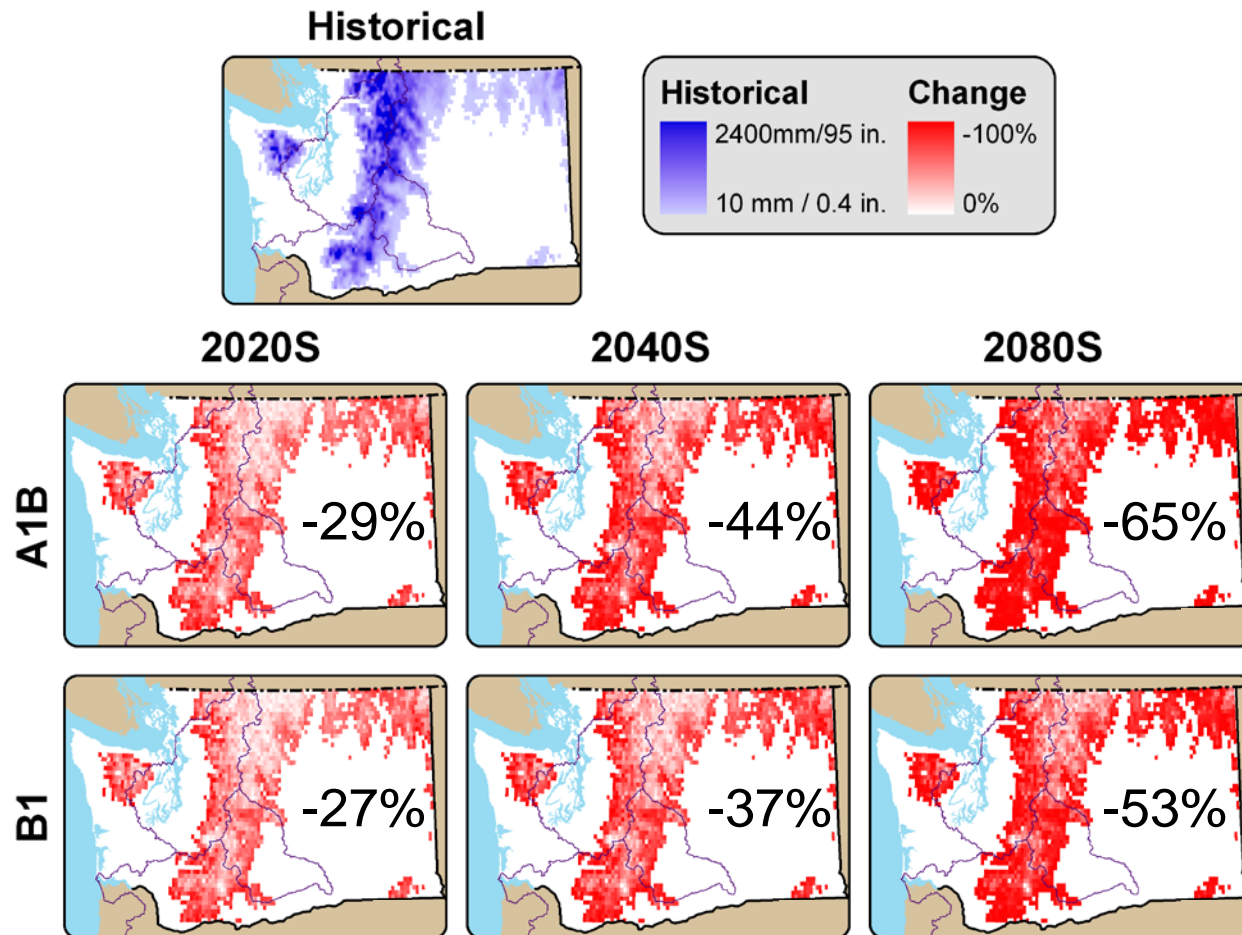


Anacortes (4 February 2006)

Erosion

Key Impact:

Transition from Snow Dominant Watershed to a Rain Dominant Watershed



Key Impact: Loss of April 1 Snow Cover



White Chuck Glacier Ice Loss Glacier Peak, WA 1973

Photo Leor Pantilat

Key Impact: Loss of April 1 Snow Cover



White Chuck Glacier Ice Loss Glacier Peak, WA 2006

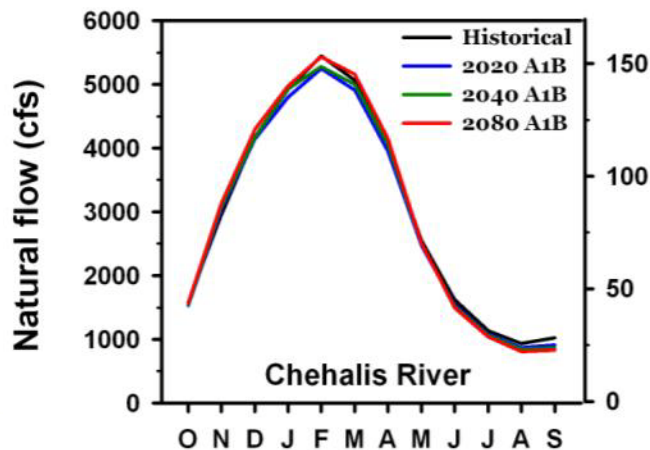
Photo Leor Pantilat

Changes in Flood Risks

- Floods in western WA will likely increase in magnitude due to the combined effects of warming and increasingly intense winter storms.
- In other parts of the State, changes in flooding are mixed, and in eastern WA projected *reductions* in spring flood risk are common due to loss of spring snow cover.

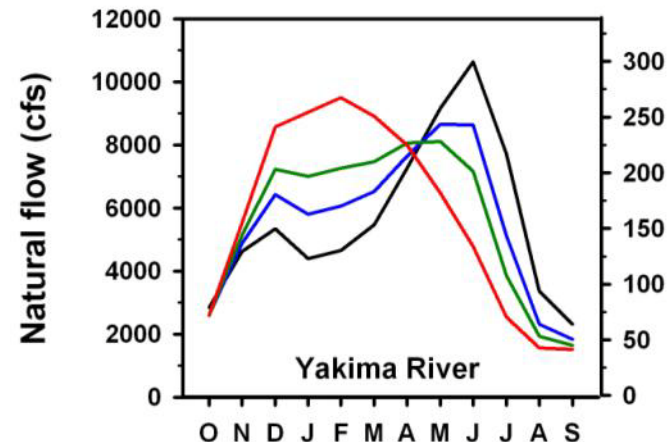


Rain Dominant



Chehalis River (Western WA)

Mixed Rain/Snow



Yakima River (Eastern WA)

WSDOT Adaptation

Asset Management and Climate Change

- Scenario planning
- Sea level rise mapping
- Bridge Scour monitoring
- Risk Assessment



West Seattle, Alki Beach




Jim Park, WSDOT

Changes in River Dynamics

Hoh River flooding

- Channel migration and avulsion



Route 706

Only year-round road into and out of Park.



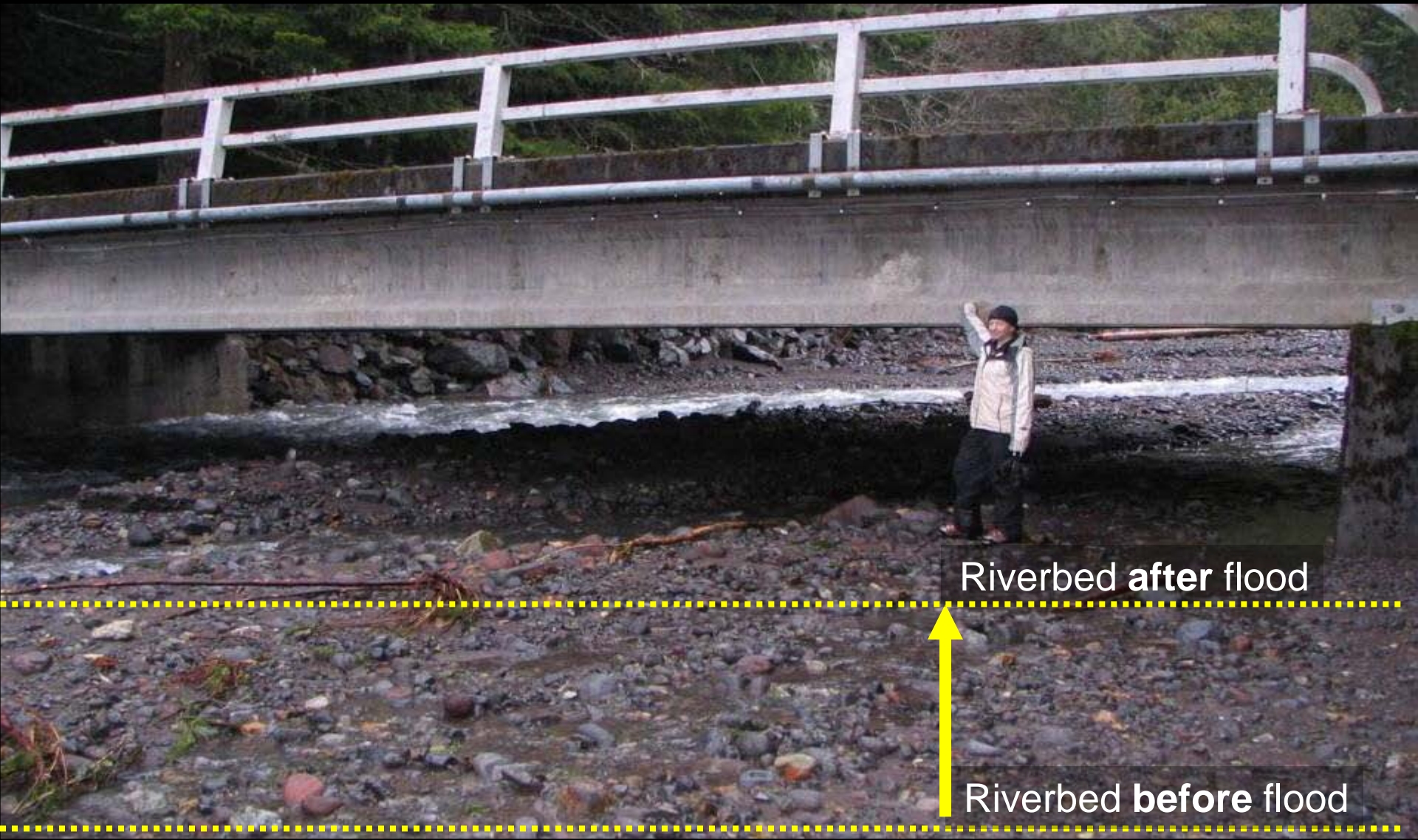
Kautz Creek
6 November 2006

In response to flood a new creek also flowed down a service road, carving a channel through the park's primary helipad.



Emergency
Operations
Center

Mount Rainier
6 November 2006



Riverbed **after** flood

Riverbed **before** flood

Recent channel evolution

Tahoma Creek



Just off US 12 at Davis Creek

Scour and damage to structures

WSDOT's Preparation and Adaptation Response

- **Internal Effort**
 - Risk assessment and response strategy for state owned infrastructure
- **Leverage our existing programs**
 - Maintenance, Materials, Emergency Response, Planning
- **External Effort**
 - Multi-agency team developing climate change response and adaptation strategy and design

Washington State's Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy

Statewide Steering Committee:

Dept. of Transportation

Dept. of Ecology

Dept. of Agriculture

Dept. of Fish and Wildlife

Dept. of Natural Resources, and

Dept. of Commerce



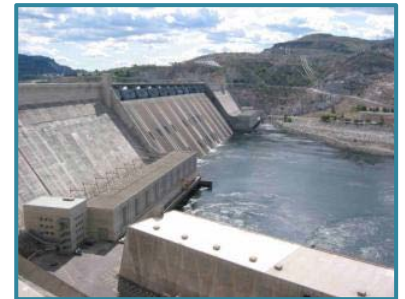
Topic Advisory Groups:

TAG1 - Built Environment/Infrastructure and Communities

TAG2 - Human Health and Security

TAG3 - Ecosystems, Species, Habitats

TAG4 - Natural Resources (working lands and waters)



Increasing infrastructure resiliency

- Limit armoring
- Restore shorelines
- Targeted removal of dikes
- Improve processes for siting new construction
- Set back development
- Protect key geomorphologic processes (sediment supply)
- Identify critical natural and built environments
- “When engineering is inevitable, be imaginative”

Expanding Existing Practices

- Expanding application of existing practices
- Integrating new technologies
- Design policy changes (flexibility in design)
- Project-level decisions
(look at site, avoid, mitigate impacts)
- Material selection – quality and lifespan
- Environmental assets are key
plan enhancements so they last

WSDOT's Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy

- Sustainable Transportation at WSDOT
- Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy
- Our internal effort
- Our external effort

Questions or Comments:

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WSDOT Sustainable Transportation Link:

<http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/SustainableTransportation/>

**Washington State's
Integrated Climate Change Response Strategy
Statewide Steering Committee**

Link: <http://www.ecy.wa.gov/climatechange/adaptation.htm>

Topic Advisory Group #1

Built Environment, Infrastructure and Communities

Link: http://www.ecy.wa.gov/climatechange/tag_infrastructure.htm